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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/098,631	03/18/2002	Yukitoshi Marutani	925-227	3720
23117	7590 08/24/2004		EXAMINER	
NIXON & VANDERHYE, PC		MONBLEAU, DAVIENNE N		
1100 N GLEBE ROAD 8TH FLOOR			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ARLINGTON, VA 22201-4714			2878	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	<u> </u>			
	10/098,631	MARUTANI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Davienne Monbleau	2878				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be t y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDON	imely filed  ys will be considered timely.  In the mailing date of this communication.  ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 A</u>	ugust 2004					
	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa		rosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1.2 and 12-15 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1.2 and 12-15 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or</li> </ul>	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 18 March 2002 is/are:  Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Setion is required if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applica rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No red in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summar					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:					

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Response to Amendment

The amendment filed on 8/5/04 has been entered. Claim 1 has been amended. Claims 1, 2 and 12-15 are pending.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1, 2 and 12-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding Claim 1, the phrase "a material selected from the group comprising ..." does not constitute a valid Markush group and renders the claim indefinite. It is improper to use the term "comprising" instead of "consisting of." Ex parte Dotter, 12 USPQ 382 (Bd. App. 1931). (See MPEP 2173.05(h)).

Claim 14 is indefinite because it fails to meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 112, fourth paragraph. "The test as to whether a claim is a proper dependent claim is that it shall include every limitation of the claim from which it depends (35 U.S.C. 112, fourth paragraph) or in other words that it shall not conceivably be infringed by anything which would not also infringe the basic claim." (See MPEP 608.01(n)). Since independent Claim 1 has a Markush group for the elements for the shading film, a dependent claim may not have a Markush group for the shading film listing different elements.

Claims 2, 12, 13 and 15 are rejected as being based on an indefinite base claim.

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1, 2 and 12-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Goto (US 6,037,189) in view of Kobayashi et al. (US 6,455,342) and Kinoshita (US 6,031,857).

Regarding Claim 1, Goto teaches in Figure 1 a light-emitting element comprising a stripe ridge (5) having an n-type layer (3), an active layer (42), and a p-type layer (4), all of which are formed of semiconductor materials, and a substrate (1). Goto further teaches in Figure 1 that said stripe ridge (5) has a protruding portion (L) on the end face. Goto does not teach a shading film. Kobayashi teach in Figure 2 a semiconductor light emitting device comprising stripe ridge (12) with a shading film (13) covered over the entire surface except for the emission portion. (See also column 7 lines 55-65). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use a shading film in Goto, as taught by Kobayashi, to protect the

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outer surfaces from oxidation and prolong the life of the laser, without inhibiting the emission of the light. *Goto* in view of *Kobayashi* does not that said shading film comprises the claimed material. *Kinoshita* teaches in Figure 8H a semiconductor laser comprising a multi-layer film of Ti/Pt/Au (on top of layer 25) that covers the surface of the semiconductor device. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use Ti/Pt/Au in *Goto*, as taught by *Kinoshita*, to achieve successful wire bonding. (See *Kinoshita* column 15 lines 32-52).

Regarding Claim 2, *Kobayashi* teach in Figure 2 that the semiconductor layers comprise nitride.

Regarding Claim 12, *Goto* teaches in column 7 lines 30-36 that said width of the stripe ridge (5) is 4  $\mu$ m.

Regarding Claim 13, *Goto* teaches in column 7 lines 30-36 that said width of the protruding portion (L) ranges from 0.8  $\mu$ m to 4  $\mu$ m.

Regarding Claim 14, *Kobayashi* teach in Figure 2 that the shading film (13) comprises SiO<sub>2</sub>.

Regarding Claim 15, Goto teaches in Figure 1 and in column 7 lines 30-33 that said stripe ridge (5) is formed by etching and the protruding portion (L) is formed by etching to a depth that reaches the n-type layer (3). Goto does not specifically teach that said etching does not reach the active layer. However, lacking any criticality, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use a specific etching method to prevent loss from the sides of the active layer.

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 2 and 12-15 have been considered but are

moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Danienne Montileau

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Davienne Monbleau whose telephone number is 571-272-1945.

The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 9:00 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Dave Porta can be reached on 571-272-2444. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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